THE OBEDIENCE OF FAITH

Paul's epistle to the Romans begins and ends with an interesting phrase. **Rom. 1:6** says his goal as an apostle to the Gentiles was to preach the gospel "unto the **obedience** of faith." Paul ends the gospel by praying that the Romans be established by the gospel for the **obedience** of faith (**Rom. 16:26**).

The theme of the entire book is that the gospel of Christ is the power of God to save all who believe (**Rom. 1:16**). This is because the righteousness of God is revealed in the gospel of Christ "from faith to faith." (**1:17**) Obviously, "faith" cannot be used the same way both times it is found in **verse 17**.

The gospel is the faith first mentioned in **verse 17**. It is the faith that has been delivered to the saints once for all (**Jude 3**). It is the faith we must examine ourselves to make sure that we are in it (**2 Cor. 13:5**). This is because we will be judged by the faith, the gospel of Christ, the word of Christ (**John 12:48**).

The second "faith" in verse 17 is the faith in our heart because we believe the faith (word of Christ). Paul said this is the purpose of preaching. But this belief saves us only if we obey. It is unto our obedience of the faith. Belief is also equated with obedience in Romans 10:16-17. Abraham's faith was counted to him for righteousness because his saving faith took steps, and our faith must walk in the steps of Abraham's faith (Rom. 4:12).

A faith that does not work or does not obey is not the faith in Romans (or the New Testament as a whole). The only works that do not justify are the works that are not of faith (such as personal morality or works of the law). Works of faith do justify (James 2:24).